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Union Public Service Commission conducts the Civil Services Preliminary Exam in the month of June every year. The exam is a is a qualifying round for the selection of candidates to the IAS Mains Examination. You can download the Previous 40 years General Studies (Paper I) Question Papers and Keys from the link below Pattern of IAS Prelims Exam The Preliminary Examination will consist of two papers of Objective type (multiple choice questions) and carry a maximum of 400 marks in the subjects set out as below. This examination is meant to serve as a screening test only; the marks obtained in the Preliminary Examination by the candidates who are declared qualified for admission to the Main Examination will not be counted for determining their final order of merit. Subject Duration No. of Question Marks Paper-I General Studies 2 Hours 100 200 Paper-II CSAT 2 Hours 80 200 i) Both the question papers will be of the objective type (multiple choice questions). (ii) The General Studies Paper-II of the Civil Services (Preliminary) Examination will be a qualifying paper with minimum qualifying marks fixed at 33%. (iii) The question papers will be set both in Hindi and English. Syllabus of GS Paper I of Preliminary Examination • Current events of national and international importance. • History of India and Indian National Movement. • Indian and World Geography-Physical, Social, Economic Geography of India and the World. • Indian Polity and Governance-Constitution, Political System, Panchayati Raj, Public Policy, Rights Issues,etc. • Economic and Social Development-Sustainable Development, Poverty, Inclusion, Demographics, Social Sector Initiatives, etc. • General issues on Environmental ecology, Bio-diversity and ClimateChange – that do not require subject specialization. • General Science Previous 40 Years Question Papers and Keys of GS1 Paper of IAS Prelims netrimediaNovember 17, 2018 UPSC Prelims Previous Year Question Paper: The UPSC Prelims Previous Year Question Paper is one of the most important tools for candidates preparing for the Civil Services Examination. Solving previous year papers helps aspirants understand the type of questions asked, the paper structure, and the trend of frequently repeated topics. With the exam being highly competitive, practising the last 10 years of UPSC Prelims question papers can significantly boost preparation and improve confidence. In this article, candidates can find and download UPSC Prelims Previous Year Question Papers PDF along with official answer keys to assess their preparation effectively.UPSC Prelims Previous Year Question PapersUPSC Prelims Previous Year Question Paper: The Union Public Service Commission (UPSC) conducts the Civil Services Examination in three stages – Prelims, Mains, and Interview. The Preliminary exam is the first stage and comprises two objective-type papers – General Studies Paper 1 and General Studies Paper 2 (CSAT). This year the UPSC CSE Prelims exam is going to be conducted on 25 May, 2025.Solving UPSC Previous Year Papers helps candidates gain clarity on the pattern of questions and the level of difficulty. It also aids in developing an effective exam strategy by identifying high-yield areas from subjects like History, Polity, Economy, Environment, and Current Affairs.UPSC Prelims Previous Year Question Paper PDFsCandidates can download the UPSC Prelims question papers of General Studies I and CSAT in PDF format for the last 10 years. Practising these papers not only improves accuracy but also enhances time management skills under exam-like conditions.Follow the steps below to download the official UPSC Prelims previous year papers with answer keys: Visit the UPSC official website. On the homepage, click on the “Examinations” tab. Select the “Previous Year Question Papers” section. Choose “Civil Services (Preliminary)” and select the year. Click on the PDF link to download both GS Paper 1 and Paper 2. Save or print the files for offline use. How to Solve UPSC Prelims Previous Year PapersHere are some tips on how to make the best use of UPSC previous year papers in your preparation: Simulate exam conditions: Set a timer and solve the papers in a real exam-like environment. Focus on accuracy: Analyse the number of correct vs. incorrect attempts. Review answer keys: Cross-check your answers with the official answer key to identify your weak areas. Identify trends: Note frequently asked topics and subjects across different years. Track progress: Maintain a record of your scores and time taken to track improvement. Solving UPSC Prelims previous year papers has multiple benefits for aspirants. Some of the key advantages include: Get familiar with the exam format and question difficulty. Learn time management by practising under strict time limits. Identify high-weightage topics and focus on repeated subjects. Improve your accuracy and elimination techniques. Boost your confidence and reduce exam anxiety. UPSC Prelims Exam PatternUnderstanding the Prelims exam pattern is crucial to strategise your preparation. Paper 2 (CSAT) is qualifying in nature. Candidates must score at least 33% (66 marks) to be considered for merit in GS Paper 1. Here’s a breakdown of both papers: Paper Subject Total Questions Marks Duration Negative Marking Paper 1 General Studies (GS) 100 200 2 hours 1/3rd per wrong answer Paper 2 CSAT (Qualifying) 80 200 2 hours 1/3rd per wrong answer In the journey to cracking the Civil Services Examination, UPSC Previous Year Question Papers play an important role. They offer valuable insights into the exam pattern, question types, priority areas, and time management strategies. Moreover, they provide a means for aspirants to assess their progress and build confidence. Aspirants should incorporate the practice of solving UPSC Previous Year Papers into their study routine, making it an integral part of their preparation strategy. In doing so, they enhance their chances of mastering this challenging examination and realising their dream of serving the nation in prestigious administrative roles.Every year, thousands of aspirants strive to crack this examination to secure prestigious positions in the Indian Administrative Service, Indian Police Service, and various other central services. Among the myriad resources available for CSE preparation, UPSC previous year question papers stand out as invaluable assets. On this page, you can download the last 10 years UPSC question papers PDF and understand how they aid aspirants in their journey toward success.Also Read: UPSC Prelims Answer Key 2025UPSC Previous Year Question PaperUPSC previous year question papers offer a window into the variety of question types that the Commission employs. UPSC Questions are designed to test candidates' analytical, problem-solving, and decision-making abilities. These may include multiple-choice questions, essay-type questions, and those requiring subjective responses. By reviewing past papers, aspirants can identify common question structures and practice answering them effectively. 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Knowledge never goes waste so please don’t think about result , just keep improving and getting better every day. Last Updated on December 31, 2024 by Abhijeet Download UPSC Prelims Previous Year Question Papers from 1995 till 2024 in PDF format. All the question papers have been taken from official sources along with UPSC Prelims official answer keys. The answer key to the 2024 paper is not yet available, hence the 2024 Prelims answers are based on study and research.If you’re looking for all the UPSC Prelims Previous Year Questions arranged in subject wise and topic wise fashion, click here.For convenience and standardisation, we’ve provided Set A UPSC Prelims Question Papers for all the years. The UPSC Official Answer keys for Prelims are for all the sets i.e. A, B, C & D.The pattern of UPSC Prelims exam changed from 2011 onwards. In the new pattern, CSAT was introduced as a separate paper and General Studies questions were made separate. Prior to 2011, i.e. 2010 and before, UPSC Prelims Question Paper consisted of total 150 questions with approximately 30-40 questions from CSAT while the remaining 110-120 questions were from General Studies.Even in general studies, the syllabus of UPSC Prelims Question Papers was different than what it is today. Environment was not so much important than what it is today. And the questions from General Knowledge were more important. The orientation of question was also more factual than conceptual.Thus, from an exam perspective, UPSC prelims previous year question papers from before 2010 are not so important. However we’re making them available here from academic perspective. So feel free to download them and have a look at it. But don’t change your strategy based on what was asked from these papers.Also a quick note, the official answer keys to these previous year papers is not available now. Thus, the answers are based on study and research. However, there were some questions for which even after research we could not find a concrete answer. So take the answers for these previous year questions with a pinch of salt.Following are the instructions for UPSC Prelims Question Paper (from 2023 CSAT paper). The instructions remain same for GS1 & GS2 (CSAT) Papers except point no. 4, where it says 100 items (questions) for GS1 and 80 for GS2. 1.) “Pradhan Mantri Jan-Dhan Yojna’ has been launched fora) providing housing loan to poor people at cheaper interest ratesb) promoting women’s Self-Help Groups in backward areasc) promoting financial inclusion in the countryd) providing financial help to the marginalized communitiesAns: cSubject: EconomyTopic: Government Policies and Schemes 2.) With reference to the Fourteenth Finance Commission, which of the following statementsis/are correct?1. It has increased the share of States in the central divisible pool from 32 percent to 42 percent.2. It has made recommendations concerning sector-specific grants.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) Only 1b) Only 2c) Both 1 and 2d) Neither 1 nor 2Ans: aSubject: EconomyTopic: Constitutional Bodies-Finance commission3.) The ‘Fortaleza Declaration’, recently in the news, is related to the affairs ofa) ASEANb) BRICSc) OECDd) WTOAns: bSubject: International RelationsTopic: World Organisations 4.) A decrease in tax to GDP ratio of a country indicates which of the following?1. Slowing economic growth rate2. Less equitable distribution of national incomeSelect the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 onlyb) 2 onlyc) Both 1 and 2d) Neither 1 nor 2Ans: bSubject: EconomyTopic: National Income Accounting 5.) In the South Atlantic and South-Eastern Pacific regions in tropical latitudes, cyclone does not originate. What is the reason?a) Sea surface temperatures are lowb) Inter-Tropical Convergence Zone seldom occursc) Coriolis force is too weakd) Absence of land in those regionsAns: aSubject: International RelationsTopic: Climatology 6.) Which one of the following pairs of States of India indicates the easternmost and westernmost State?a) Assam and Rajasthanb) Arunachal Pradesh and Rajasthanc) Assam and Gujaratd) Arunachal Pradesh and GujaratAns: dSubject: GeographyTopic: Mapping 7.) Consider the following statements regarding the Directive Principles of State Policy:1. The Principles spell out the socio-economic democracy in the country.2. The provisions contained in these Principles are not enforceable by any court.Which of the statements given above is/are correct?a) 1 onlyb) 2 onlyc) Both 1 and 2d) Neither 1 nor 2Ans: cSubject: PolityTopic: Basics of Constitution 8.) In the ‘Index of Eight Core Industries’, which one of the following is given the highest weight?a) Coal productionb) Electricity generationc) Fertilizer productiond) Steel productionAns: bSubject: EconomyTopic: Industrial Sector 9.) Which of the following National Parks is unique in being a swamp with floating vegetation that supports a rich biodiversity?a) Bhitarkanika National Parkb) Keibul Lamjao National Parkc) Keoladeo Ghana National Parkd) Sultanpur National ParkAns: bSubject: GeographyTopic: Biodiversity 10.) Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding National Innovation Foundation-India (NIF)?1. NIF is an autonomous body of the Department of Science and Technology under theCentral Government.2. NIF is an initiative to strengthen the highly advanced scientific research in India’spremier scientific institutions in collaboration with highly advanced foreign scientificinstitutions.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 onlyb) 2 onlyc) Both 1 and 2d) Neither 1 nor 2Ans: aSubject: Current Affairs Topic: Science and Technology11.) What can be the impact of excessive/inappropriate use of nitrogenous fertilizers in agriculture?1. Proliferation of nitrogen-fixing microorganisms in soil can occur.2. Increase in the acidity of soil can take place.3. Leaching of nitrate to the ground-water can occur.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 and 3 onlyb) 2 onlyc) 2 and 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: cSubject: Environment Topic: Agriculture12.) With reference to the International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources(IUCN) and the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Faunaand Flora (CITES), which of the following statements is/are correct?1. IUCN is an organ of the United Nations and CITES is an international agreementbetween governments.2. IUCN runs thousands of field projects around the world to better manage naturalenvironments.3. CITES is legally binding on the States that have joined it, but this Convention does nottake the place of national laws.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 onlyb) 2 and 3 onlyc) 1 and 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: bSubject: EnvironmentTopic: Conservation Efforts: India and World 13.) The Fair and Remunerative Price (FRP) of sugarcane is approved by thea) Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairsb) Commission for Agricultural Costs and Pricesc) Directorate of Marketing and Inspection, Ministry of Agricultured) Agricultural Produce Market CommitteeAns: aSubject: EconomyTopic: Agriculture 14.) What explains the eastward flow of the equatorial counter-current?a) The Earth’s rotation on its axisb) Convergence of the two equatorial currentsc) Difference in salinity of waterd) Occurrence of the belt of calm near the equatorAns: aSubject: GeographyTopic: Climatology 15.) Consider the following pairs:Pace of Pilgrimage Location1. Srisailam : Nallamala Hills2. Omkareshwar : Satmala Hills3. Pushkar : Mahadeo HillsWhich of the above is/are correctly matched?a) 1 onlyb) 2 and 3 onlyc) 1 and 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and.3Ans: aSubject: GeographyTopic: Architecture16.) With reference to Rowlatt Satyagraha, which of the following statements is/are correct?1. The Rowlatt Act was based on the recommendations of the ‘Sedition Committee’.2. In Rowlatt Satyagraha, Gandhiji tried to utilize the Home Rule League.3. Demonstrations against the arrival of Simon Commission coincided with RowlattSatyagraha.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 onlyb) 1 and 2 onlyc) 2 and 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: bSubject: Modern India HistoryTopic: National Movement17.) Among the following, which were frequently mentioned in the news for the outbreak of Ebola virus recently?a) Syria and Jordanb) Guinea, Sierra Leone and Liberiac) Philippines and Papua New Guinead) Jamaica, Haiti and SurinamAns: bSubject: Science and TechnologyTopic: International Affairs18.) With reference to ‘fly ash’ produced by the power plants using coal as fuel, which of the following statements is/are correct?1. Fly ash can be used in the production of bricks for building construction.2. Fly ash can be used as a replacement for some of the Portland cement contents ofconcrete.3. Fly ash is made up of silicon dioxide and calcium oxide only, and does not contain anytoxic elements.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 and 2b) 2 onlyc) 1 and 3d) 3 onlyAns: aSubject: EnvironmentTopic: Environment Pollution19.) With reference to ‘dugong’, a mammal found in India, which of the following statements is/are correct?1. It is a herbivorous marine animal.2. It is found along the, entire coast of India.3. It is given legal protection under Schedule I of the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 and 2b) 2 onlyc) 1 and 3d) 3 onlyAns: cSubject: GeographyTopic: Flora and Fauna 20.) Who of the following was/were economic critic/critics of colonialism in India?1. Dadabhai Naoroji2. G. Subramania Iyer3. R. C. DuttSelect the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 onlyb) 1 and 2 onlyc) 2 and 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: dSubject: Modern India HistoryTopic: Important Historical Data21.) Which one of the following issues the ‘Global Economic Prospects’ report periodically?a) The Asian Development Bankb) The European Bank for Reconstruction and Developmentc) The US Federal Reserve Bankd) The World BankAns: dSubject: Current AffairsTopic: Indexes and Reports22.) When the Reserve Bank of India reduces the Statutory Liquidity Ratio by 50 basis points, which of the following is likely to happen?a) India’s GDP growth rate increases drasticallyb) Foreign Institutional Investors may bring more capital into our countryc) Scheduled Commercial Banks may cut their lending ratesd) It may drastically reduce the liquidity to the banking, systemAns: cSubject: EconomyTopic: Money and Banking 23.) With reference to the use of nano-technology in health sector, which of the following statements is/are correct?1. Targeted drug delivery is made possible by nanotechnology.2. Nanotechnology can largely contribute to gene therapy.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 onlyb) 2 onlyc) Both 1 and 2d) Neither 1 nor 2Ans: cSubject: Science and TechnologyTopic: Scienc Technology and Inventions 24.) In, India, markets in agricultural products are regulated under thea) Essential Commodities Act, 1955b) Agricultural Produce Market Committee Act enacted by Statesc) Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1937d) Food Products Order, 1956 and Meat and Food Products Order, 1973Ans: bSubject: EconomyTopic: Agriculture 25.) Which one of the following is the national aquatic animal of India?a) Saltwater crocodileb) Olive ridley turtlec) Gangetic dolphind) GharialAns: cSubject: GeographyTopic: Ecology and Functions of an ecosystem 26.) With reference to Congress Socialist Party, consider the following statements:1. It advocated the boycott of British goods and evasion of taxes.2. It wanted to establish the dictatorship of proletariat.3. It advocated separate electorate for minorities and oppressed classes.Which of the statements given above is/are correct?a) 1 and 2 onlyb) 3 onlyc) 1, 2 and 3d) NoneAns: dSubject: Modern India HistoryTopic: Political Dimensions 27.) Consider the following statements:1. The Rajya Sabha has no power either to reject or to amend a Money Bill.2. The Rajya Sabha cannot vote on the Demands for Grants.3. The Rajya Sabha cannot discuss the Annual Financial Statement.Which of the statements given above is/are correct?a) 1 onlyb) 1 and 2 onlyc) 2 and 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: bSubject: PolityTopic: Central Government 28.) The Government of India Act of 1919 clearly defineda) The separation of power between the judiciary and the legislatureb) The jurisdiction of the central and provincial governmentsc) The powers of the Secretary of State for India and Viceroyd) None of the aboveAns: bSubject: Modern India HistoryTopic: National Movement 29.) Which of the following brings out the ‘Consumer Price Index Number for Industrial Workers?a) The Reserve Bank of Indiab) The Department of Economic Affairsc) The Labour Bureaud) The Department of Personnel and TrainingAns: cSubject: EconomyTopic: Money and Banking 30.) In the context of modem scientific research, consider the following statements about ‘IceCube’, a particle detector located at South Pole, which was recently in the news:1. It is the world’s largest neutrino detector, encompassing a cubic kilometre of ice.2. It is a powerful telescope to search for dark matter.3. It is buried deep in the ice.Which of the statements given above is/are correct?a) 1 onlyb) 2 and 3 onlyc) 1 and 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: dSubject: GeographyTopic: Science Technology and inventions31.) The terms ‘Agreement on Agriculture’, ‘Agreement on the Application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures’ and ‘Peace Clause’ appear in the news frequently in the contextof the affairs of thea) Food and Agriculture Organizationb) United Nations Framework Conference on Climate Changec) World Trade Organizationd) United Nations Environment ProgrammeAns: cSubject: EconomyTopic: External Sector and Currency Exchange Rate 32.) With reference to ‘Near Field Communication (NFC) Technology’, which of the following statements is/are correct?1. It is a contactless communication technology that uses electromagnetic radio fields.2. NFC is designed for use by devices which can be at a distance of even a metre fromeach other.3. NFC can use encryption when sending sensitive information.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 and 2 onlyb) 3 onlyc) 1 and 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: cSubject: Science and TechnologyTopic: Science Technology and inventions33.) The area known as ‘Golan Heights’ sometimes appears in the news in the context of the events related toa) Central Asiab) Middle Eastc) South-East Asiad) Central AfricaAns: bSubject: GeographyTopic: Places in News 34.) Convertibility of rupee impliesa) being able to convert rupee notes into goldb) allowing the value of rupee to be fixed by market forcesc) freely permitting the conversion of rupee to other currencies and vice versad) developing an international market for currencies in IndiaAns: cSubject: EconomyTopic: External Sector and Currency Exchange Rate 35.) Consider the following Pairs :Medieval Indian Present Region State1. Champaka : Central India2. Durgara : Jammu3. Kuluta : MalabarWhich of the above pairs is/ are correctly matched?a) 1 and 2b) 2 onlyc) 1 and 3d) 3 onlyAns: bSubject: Medieval IndiaTopic: Medieval History 36.) Consider the following rivers:1. Vamsadhara2. Indravati3. Pranahita4. PennarWhich of the above are tributaries of Godavari?a) 1, 2 and 3b) 2, 3 and 4c) 1, 2 and 4d) 2 and 3 onlyAns: dSubject: GeographyTopic: Indian River and Water Resources 37.) When a bill is referred to a joint sitting of both the Houses of the Parliament, it has to be passed bya) a simple majority of members present and votingb) three-fourths majority of members present and votingc) two-thirds majority of the Housesd) absolute majority of the HousesAns: aSubject: PolityTopic: Central Government 38.) `Which one of the following regions of Indian has a combination of mangrove forest, evergreen forest and deciduous forest?a) North Coastal Andhra Pradeshb) South-West Bengalc) Southern Saurashtrad) Andaman and Nicober IslandsAns: dSubject: GeographyTopic: Indian Flora and Fauna 39.) Which of the following kingdoms were associated with the life of the Buddha?1. Avanti2. Gandhara3. Kosala4. MagadhaSelect the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1, 2 and 3b) 2 and 3 onlyc) 1, 3 and 4d) 3 and 4 onlyAns: dSubject: Ancient IndiaTopic: Buddhism 40.) Which one the following is associated with the issue of control and phasing out of the use of ozone-depleting substances?a) Bretton Woods Conferenceb) Montreal Protocolc) Kyoto Protocold) Nagoya ProtocolAns: bSubject: EnvironmentTopic: Conservation efforts 41.) Consider the following:The arrival of Babur into Indian led to the1. introduction of gunpowder in the subcontinent2. introduction of the arch and dome in the region’s architecture3. establishment of Timurid dynasty in the regionSelect the correct answer using the code give below:a) 1 and 2 only b) 3 onlyc) 1 and 3 only d) 1, 2 and 3Ans: cSubject: Medieval IndiaTopic: Mughal Empire 42.) The Government of India has established NITI Aayog to replace thea) Human Rights Commissionb) Finance Commissionc) Law Commissiond) Planning CommissionAns: dSubject: EconomyTopic: Non Constitutional B0dies 43.) What is Rio+20 Conference, often mentioned in the news?a) It is the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Developmentb) It is a Ministerial Meeting of the World Trade Organizationc) It is a Conference of the Inter-governmental Panel on Climate Changed) It is a Conference of the Member Countries of the Convention on Biological DiversityAns: aSubject: International RelationsTopic: Conservation Efforts: India and World 44.) Consider the following statements:1. The Executive Power of the Union of India is vested in the Prime Minister.2. The Prime Minister is the ex officio Chairman of the Civil Services Board.Which of the statements given above is/are correct?a) 1 onlyb) 2 onlyc) Both 1 and 2d) Neither 1 nor 2Ans: dSubject: PolityTopic: Central Government 45.) The term ‘Goldilocks Zone’ is often seen in the news in the context ofa) the limits of habitable zone above the surface of the Earthb) region inside the Earth where shale gas is availablec) search for the Earth-like planets in outer spaced) search for meteorites containing precious metalsAns: cSubject: GeographyTopic: Solar System46.) Who of the following organized a March on the Tanjore coast to break the Salt Law in April 1930?a) V. O. Chidambaram Pillaib) C. Rajagopalacharic) K. Kamarajd) Annie BesantAns: bSubject: Modern India HistoryTopic: National Movement 47.) Who of the following founded a new city on the south bank of a tributary to river Krishna and undertook to rule his new kingdom as the agent of a deity to whom all the land southof the river Krishna was supposed to belong?a) Amoghavarsha Ib) Ballala IIc) Harihara Id) Prataparudra IIAns: cSubject: Ancient Indian History Topic: Southern Dynasties 48.) Consider the following statements:1. The first woman President of the Indian National Congress was Sarojini Naidu.2. The first Muslim President of the Indian National Congress was Badruddin Tyabji.Which of the statements given above is/are correct?a) 1 onlyb) 2 onlyc) Both 1 and 2d) Neither 1 nor 2Ans: bSubject: Modern India HistoryTopic: Important Historical Data 49.) Which of the statements regarding ‘Green Climate Fund’ is/are correct?1. It is intended to assist the developing countries in adaption and mitigation practices tocounter climate change.2. It is founded under the aegis of UNEP, OECD, Asian Development Bank and WorldBank.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 onlyb) 2 onlyc) Both 1 and 2d) Neither 1 nor 2Ans: aSubject: EnvironmentTopic: Conservation efforts: India and World 50.) Indira Gandhi Prize for Peace, Disarmament and Development for 2014 was given to which one of the following?a) Bhabha Atomic Research Centreb) Indian Institute of Sciencec) Indian Space Research Organizationd) Tata Institute of Fundamental ResearchAns: cSubject: General Knowledge Topic: Awards and Honours 51.) With reference to the Cabinet Mission, which of the following statements is/are correct?1. It recommended a federal government.2. It enlarged the powers of the Indian courts.3. It provided for more Indians in the ICS.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 onlyb) 2 and 3c) 1 and 3d) NoneAns: aSubject: Modern India HistoryTopic: Freedom to Partition52.) Which one of the following National Parks has a climate that varies from tropical to subtropical, temperate and arctic?a) Khangchendzonga National Parkb) Nandadevi National Parkc) Neora Valley National Parkd) Namdapha National ParkAns: dSubject: GeographyTopic: Biodiversity 53.) Amnesty International isa) an agency of the United Nations to help refugees of civil warsb) a global Human Rights Movementc) a non-governmental voluntary organization to help very poor peopled) an inter-governmental agency to cater to medical emergencies in war-ravaged regionsAns: bSubject: International RelationsTopic: World Organisations and Headquarters 54.) With reference to the art and archaeological history of India, which one among the following was made earliest?a) Lingaraja Temple at Bhubaneswarb) Rock-cut Elephant at Dhaulic) Rock-cut Monuments at Mahabalipuramd) Varaha Image at UdayagiriAns: bSubject: Art and CultureTopic: Architecture 55.) With reference to Indian history, which of the following is/are the essential element/elements of the feudal system?1. A very strong centralized political authority and a very weak provincial or local political authority2. Emergence of administrative structure based on control and possession of land3. Creation of lord-vassal relationship between the feudal lord and his overlordSelect the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 and 2 onlyb) 2 and 3 onlyc) 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: dSubject: Medieval IndiaTopic: Administration 56.) ‘BioCarbon Fund Initiative for Sustainable Forest Landscapes’ is managed by thea) Asian Development Bankb) International Monetary Fundc) United Nations Environment Programmed) World BankAns: dSubject: EnvironmentTopic: Conservation Efforts: India and World 57.) India is a member of which among the following?1. Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation2. Association of South-East Asian Nations3. East Asia Summit.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 and 2 onlyb) 3 onlyc) 1, 2 and 3d) India is a member of none of themAns: bSubject: International RelationsTopic: World Organisations 58.) In India, the steel production industry requires the import ofa) saltpetreb) rock phosphatec) coking coald) All of the aboveAns: cSubject: GeographyTopic: Indian Economic and Human Geography59.) The provisions in Fifth Schedule and Sixth Schedule in the Constitution of India are made in order toa) protect the interests of Scheduled Tribesb) determine the boundaries between Statesc) determine the powers, authority and responsibilities of Panchayatsd) protect the interests of all the border StatesAns: aSubject: PolityTopic: Local Government60.) With reference to the Union Government, consider the following statements:1. The Department of Revenue is responsible for the preparation of Union Budget that ispresented to the Parliament.2. No amount can be withdrawn from the Consolidated Fund of India without theauthorization from the Parliament of India.3. All the disbursements made from Public Account also need the authorization from theParliament of India.Which of the statements given above is/are correct?a) 1 and 2 onlyb) 2 and 3 onlyc) 2 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: cSubject: PolityTopic: Financial System and Parliamentary Control61.) Who/Which of the following is the custodian of the Constitution of India?a) The President of Indiab) The Prime Minister of Indiac) The Lok Sabha Secretariatd) The Supreme Court of IndiaAns: dSubject: PolityTopic: Constitution and Judiciary62.) Consider the following statements:1. The Accelerated Irrigation Benefits Programme was launched during 1996-97 to provide loan assistance to poor farmers.2. The Command Area Development Programme was launched in 1974-75 for thedevelopment of water-use efficiency.Which of the statements given above is/are correct?a) 1 onlyb) 2 onlyc) Both 1 and 2d) Neither 1 nor 2Ans: bSubject: PolityTopic: Rural Development and Agriculture Policies63.) The Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee is constituted under thea) Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006b) Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, 1999c) Environment (Protection) Act, 1986d) Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972Ans: cSubject: PolityTopic: Environmental Laws and Governance64.) In the Mekong-Ganga Cooperation an initiative of six countries, which of the following is/are not a participant/ participants?1. Bangladesh2. Cambodia3. China4. Myanmar5. ThailandSelect the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 onlyb) 2, 3 and 4c) 1 and 3d) 1, 2 and 5Ans: cSubject: International RelationsTopic: Regional Cooperation Initiatives65.) ‘Basel III Accord’ or simply ‘Basel III’, often seen in the news, seeks toa) develop national strategies for the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversityb) improve banking sector’s ability to deal with financial and economic stress and improve risk managementc) reduce the greenhouse gas emissions but places a heavier burden on developed countriesd) transfer technology from developed countries to poor countries to enable them to replace the use of chlorofluorocarbons in refrigeration with harmless chemicalsAns: bSubject: EconomyTopic: International Financial Systems and Regulations66.) Consider the following statements:1. The winds which blow between 30° N and 60° S latitudes through-out the year are known as westerlies.2. The moist air masses that cause winter rains in North-Western region of India are part of westerlies.Which of the statements given above is/are correct?a) 1 onlyb) 2 onlyc) Both 1 and 2d) Neither 1 nor 2Ans: bSubject: GeographyTopic: Geography: Climate and Atmospheric Circulation67.) With reference to ‘Indian Ocean Rim Association for Regional Cooperation (IOR-ARC)’, consider the following statements :1. It was established very recently in response to incidents of piracy and accidents of oil spills.2. It is an alliance meant for maritime security only.Which of the statements given above is/are correct?a) 1 onlyb) 2 onlyc) Both 1 and 2d) Neither 1 nor 2Ans: dSubject: GeographyTopic: Regional Organizations and Maritime Security68.) Which one of the following movements has contributed to a split in the Indian National Congress resulting in the emergence of ‘moderates’ and ‘extremists’?a) Swadeshi Movementb) Quit India Movementc) Non-Cooperation Movementd) Civil Disobedience MovementAns: aSubject: Modern India HistoryTopic: National Movement and Partition69.) In a particular region in India, the local people train the roots of living trees into robust bridges across the streams. As the time passes, these bridges become stronger. These unique ‘living root bridges’ are found ina) Meghalayab) Himachal Pradeshc) Jharkhandd) Tamil NaduAns: aSubject: GeographyTopic: Unique Geographical Phenomena and Cultural Practices in India70.) Tides occur in the oceans and seas due to which among the following?1. Gravitational force of the Sun2. Gravitational force of the Moon3. Centrifugal force of the EarthSelect the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 onlyb) 2 and 3 onlyc) 1 and 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: dSubject: GeographyTopic: Oceanography and Tidal Phenomena71.) In which of the following activities are Indian Remote Sensing (IRS) satellites used?1. Assessment of crop productivity2. Locating groundwater resources3. Mineral exploration4. Telecommunications5. Traffic studiesSelect the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1, 2 and 3 onlyb) 4 and 5 onlyc) 1 and 2 onlyd) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5Ans: aSubject: Science and TechnologyTopic: Space and Remote Sensing72.) Consider the following States:1. Arunachal Pradesh2. Himachal Pradesh3. MizoramIn which of the above States do ‘Tropical Wet Evergreen Forests’ occur?a) 1 onlyb) 2 and 3 onlyc) 1 and 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: cSubject: GeographyTopic: Indian Climate and Vegetation73.) The term ‘IndARC’, sometimes seen in the news, is the name ofa) an indigenously developed radar system inducted into Indian Defenceb) India’s satellite to provide services to the countries of Indian Ocean Rimc) a scientific establishment set up by India in Antarctic regiond) India’s underwater observatory to scientifically study the Arctic regionAns: dSubject: Science and TechnologyTopic: Arctic Research74.) With reference to ‘Forest Carbon Partnership Facility’, which of the following statements is/are correct?1. It is a global partnership of governments, businesses, civil society and indigenous peoples.2. It provides financial aid to universities, individual scientists and institutions involved inscientific forestry research to develop eco-friendly and climate adaptation technologiesfor sustainable forest management.3. It assists the countries in their ‘REDD+ (Reducing Emissions from Deforestation andForest Degradation+)’ efforts by providing them with financial and technical assistance.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 onlyb) 2 and 3 onlyc) 1 and 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: cSubject: EnvironmentTopic: Climate Change and Forest Conservation Initiatives75.) Which one of the following was given classical language status recently?a) Odiab) Konkanic) Bhojpurid) AssameseAns: aSubject: Art and CultureTopic: Indian Languages and Heritage76.) With reference to an organization known as ‘BirdLife International’, which of the following statements is/are correct?1. It is a Global Partnership of Conservation Organizations.2. The concept of ‘biodiversity hotspots’ originated from this organization.3. It identifies the sites known/referred to as ‘Important Bird and Biodiversity Areas’.Select the correct answer using the code given below:a) 1 onlyb) 2 and 3 onlyc) 1 and 3 onlyd) 1, 2 and 3Ans: cSubject: EnvironmentTopic: Biodiversity Conservation Organizations77.) Which one of the following countries of South-West Asia does not open out to the Mediterranean Sea?a) Syriab) Jordanc) Lebanond) IsraelAns: bSubject: GeographyTopic: Middle East Geography78.) In India, in which one of the following types of forests is teak a dominant tree species?a) Tropical moist deciduous forestb) Tropical rain forestc) Tropical thorn scrub forestd) Temperate forest with grasslandsAns: aSubject: GeographyTopic: Forest Types in India79.) ‘Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action’, often seen in the news, isa) a strategy to tackle, the regional terrorism, an outcome of a meeting of the Shanghai Cooperation Organizationb) a plan of action for sustainable economic growth in the Asia-Pacific Region, an outcome of the deliberations of the Asia-Pacific Economic Forumc) an agenda for women’s empowerment, an outcome of a World Conference convened by the United Nationsd) a strategy to combat wildlife trafficking, a declaration of the East Asia SummitAns: cSubject: International RelationsTopic: Global Gender Equality Initiatives80.) “Each day is more or less the same, the morning is clear and bright with a sea breeze; as the Sun climbs high in the sky, heat mounts up, dark clouds form, then rain comes with thunder and lightning. But rain is soon over.”Which of the following regions is described in the above passage?a) Savannahb) Equatorialc) Monsoond) Medi